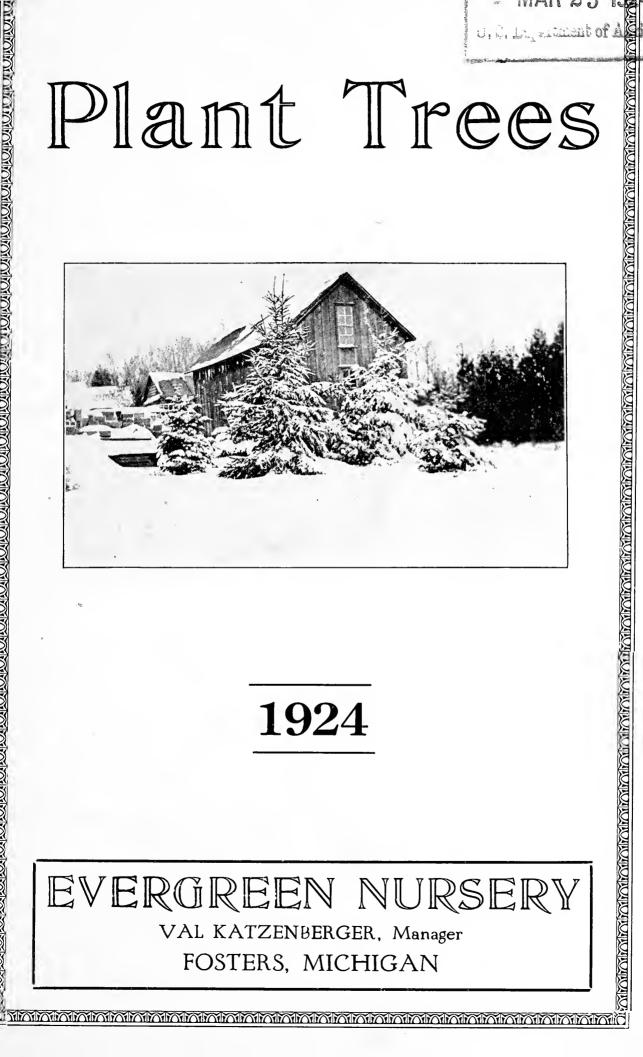
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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

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February 1st, 1924

DEAR FRIEND:

Please permit me to present to you my 1924 Catalog and Price List.

I thank you for your generous support in the past, and beg that you may not withhold your patronage in the future. I trust that our intercourse in the past has been of mutual benefit and hope that it may prove the same in the future.

Sincerely yours,
VAL KATZENBERGER,
R. F. D. 2 Fosters, Mich.

TO THOSE WHO DON'T KNOW:

My Nursery may be found two (2) miles north of Fosters, on the east side of section thirty (30), Township of Bridgeport, one mile east of Sheridan Road and about seven (7) miles south from the Tower Clock.

POST OFFICE ADDRESS: As I am located on rural route No. 2 out of Fosters, all correspondence should be addressed that way.

TELEPHONE: Call Riverside 7181-F3.

POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES must be paid by the purchaser, if plants are to be shipped that way.

GUARANTEE: I guarantee to furnish live and healthy trees and plants, but cannot assume the responsibility that belongs to the purchaser. If plants and trees are not satisfactory when received, they must be returned and money paid for the same will be cheerfully refunded.

CAUTION: On receiving the plants examine the shipment. If they look good to you plant at once or heel them in, in a moist, shady place. If not satisfactory for any reason notify me, or return them, and if I cannot furnish what you want I will refund your money without a question.

Causes of failure are varied and many times beyond my observation and control.

EVERGREENS



Norway Spruce, This is one of the most popular Evergreens.
Specimen, 4 feet\$1.00
Specimen, 3 feet\$.75
Four year transplants 20-24 in\$.50
Colorado Blue Spruce Specimen 24-30 in. \$5.00
Colorado Green Spruce Specimen 30-36 inches\$3.00
Hemlock Spruce Specimen 18-24 inches\$1.50
Wisconsin Red Cedar Specimen 2 feet\$1.00
Specimen 15 inches\$.50
Irish Juniper 12-15 inches\$.75
Dwarf Mountain Pine 10-12 inch spread\$1.50
Jack Pine, 2 feet\$.50 1 foot

Deciduous Trees

Norway Maple 7-8 feet\$1.50
Soft Maple 12-14 feet\$3.00
Soft Maple 6-8 feet\$.75
Am. White Elm 10 12 feet\$2.50
TREES WITH PURPLE FOLIAGE
Swedlery Maple 6-7 feet\$2.00
Prunus Pissardi Purple-leafed
Plum 5-7 feet\$1.50
*
DOUBLE FLOWERING TREES
Prunus Triloba, double pink\$1.50
Bechtels double-flowering Crab\$2.00
*
WEEPING TREES
Campertown Elm, 2 year\$2.50
Catalpa Bungi, 2 yrs\$2.50
Teas Weeping Mulberry, 3 yrs\$3.00
Weirs Cut-leaved Maple, 7-8\$2.00
NUT BEARING TREES
Am. Black Walnut, 10 ft\$2.00
Am. Black Walnut, 8 ft\$1.50
Butternut, 2 yrs., 5 ft\$.50

PLANTING DIRECTIONS

First—Dig deep and wide; keep the good top soil on one side and the poor subsoil on the other.

Second—Fill in the hole enough of good soil, that if the plant is set thereon, the crown of the roots is slightly below the level of the ground, according to the size of the plant.

Third—Pack good soil around and under the roots—filling all empty spaces.

Fourth—If the soil be dry, use water freely to moisten and further help pack the soil.

Fifth—Fill in more soil and tamp.

Sixth—Fill up with loose soil and level off.

It is needless to say that all mutilated roots should have been trimmed and straggling ones cut back, and the tops cut back to balance the proportion of the tops to the roots.

Aside from a good watering in dry weather—frequent loosening of the surface with the hoe. will be all that is necessary.

Flowering Shrubs



Snowball, Japan Snowball, 3 feet....\$.75

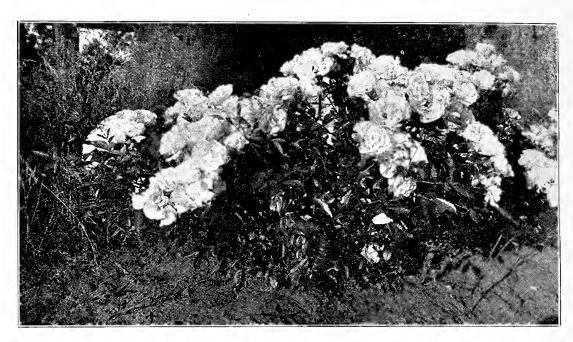
Althea, Rose of Sharon

These shrubs come in a variety of colors, white, pink, red, blue and varigated single and double flowers. They bloom in the Fall when flowers are few.

Bush form 18-24 inches\$.50
Tree form, 3-4 feet\$1.00
Flowering Almonds, double pink and white flowers, 2-3 feet each\$1.00
Barberry Thunbergi, the only safe hedge plant in that class; all others barred. 2-yr. plants 15-18 in\$.15
Forsythea (Golden Bell) blooms in early spring before the leaves appear. \$.50
Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora, bush\$.75
Paniculata Grandiflora Tree\$1.00

Arborescens, Snowball Hydrangea or Hills of Snow\$.50

Roses



BABY ELLEN PAULSON

ROSES

50 cents each except where noted CLIMBING ROSES

Crimson Rambler

A strong grower and free bloomer

Dorothea Perkins

Shell pink, very popular\$.25

White Dorothea Perkins

A counterpart of the pink except in color.

Climbing Baby Rambler

A strong grower and free bloomer.

Climbing American Beauty

Seven Sisters\$.25



BABY CATHERINE ZEIMET

POLYANTHA or BABY ROSES

Crimson Baby, Crimson free bloomer

Baby Dorothea, pink, fragrant.

Catherine Zeimet, white and very sweet

Baby Ellen Paulson

Pink splashed crimson.

HYBRID PERPETUALS

American Beauty, a great favorite Paul Neyron, pink, very large. Ulrich Brunner, cherry red, thornless.

Frau Carl Druschke

Distinctive form, charming beauty.

Hermosa, Old but ever welcome.

Everblooming

Gruss on Teplitz

Scarlet constant bloomer.

General Jaques, bright crimson.

Duchess of Wellington

Flowering Shrubs



Bush Honeysuckle
Tartarian Pink 18-24\$.25
Fragrantisima 18-24\$.25
Snowberry blooms late and is followed with snowwhite fruit which is very ornamental and persists until destroyed by heavy frost, 3-4 feet\$.50
Waxberry or Indian Currant. The fruit is set late in summer and hangs on way into winter, 3-4 feet\$.50
Snives Van Hout: This should stands

Waxberry or Indian Currant. The fruit is set late in summer and hangs on way into winter, 3-4 feet\$.50
Spirea Van Houti. This shrub stands are high for popularity, 4 feet\$.50
Spirea Anthony Waterer blossoms pink in late summer; dwarf habit\$.25
Spirea Frobelli, the same as Anthony Waterer only stronger and taller\$.25
Philadelphus Grandiflorus, large flowered Syringa\$.50
Philadelphus Coronarius or Sweet flowered Mock Orange 18-24 in\$.25
Philadelphus Lemoine of very straight and upright growth, narrow leaves, small flowers, 3-4 feet
Philadelphus Syringa Golden. A dwarf plant, golden yellow foliage,

15-18 inches\$.50

Weigeli	a Rosea, 2 years	\$.50
Col. Pri	vet for Hedges	\$.15
	Privet, white flowers, horizontal branches	
	River Privet, hardier than	





VINES and CLIMBERS

Ampelopsis Quinquefolia
American Ivy\$.50
Ampelopsis Vitchi, Boston Ivy\$.50
Aristolochia, Dutchman's Pipe\$1.00
Bignonia, Trumpet flower\$.50
Celastrus Bittersweet,
Scarlet berries, very ornamental\$.50
Halls Japan Honeysuckle,
Cream white flowers, sweet\$.50
Clematis
Jackmani purple\$.50
Jackmani purple\$.50 Henri, white\$.50

STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

CERTIFICATE OF NURSERY INSPECTION

No. 2824

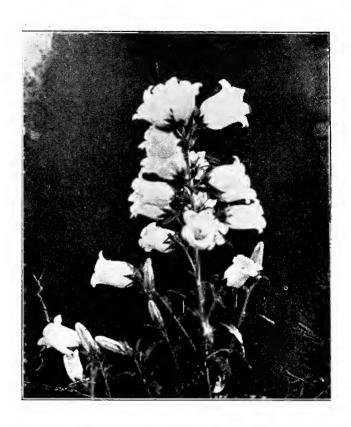
This is to Certify, that I have examined the nursery stock of Val. Katzenberger, Fosters, Michigan, and find it apparently free from dangerous insects and dangerously contagious tree and plant diseases.

This certificate to be void after July 31, 1924.

Bureau of Foods and Standards, W. P. HARTMAN, Director.

HARDY PERENNIALS

Chrysanthemum	, the	hardy	pompon,
white, yellow, p	ink and	d red, e	ach\$.25
Canterbury Bell	ls, eacl	ı	\$.15
	fou	r	\$.50
Coriopsis			\$.15
Gailardia			\$.15
Delphinium Lar	kspur		\$.15
Oriental Poppie	s		\$.15
Shasta Daisies			\$.15





HARDY PHLOX

Bridesmaid, white with pink center. R. P. Struthers, cherry red. Reinstrom, rose pink, very large. Mrs. Jenkins, tall white. Champs Elysees, rose magenta. Lothair, bright crimson. Independence, dwarf white. Assorted four—\$.50 Each—\$.15 Iris-German Iris, purple, blue, red, yellow, white and Lavender, single toe\$.15 Lemon Lily, 6 for.....\$.50 Bleeding Heart, Division, each......\$.50 Yucca Filamentosa, Adam's Needle, each\$.50 Spirea Palmetta, pink plumes 7-10 in. in length on 5 foot stems.....\$.50 New England Asters, bears masses of purple flowers in late Fall.....\$.25

Peonea



PEONEAS

Peonea divisions, 3 Peoneas, several sh clumps per stem	nades of pink,	large
Divisions, 3-5 ey	7es	\$.50
Peonea Officinalis fashioned early eyes	red divisions,	3-5

MISCELLANEOUS

Creeping Phlox,	or	Moss	Pink,	moss
like foliage,	with	masse	es of	small
pink flowers,				
Blue Myrtle, eve spreading cree				



DAHLIAS

10c each; \$1.00 per 12

Eurica, yellow shaded salmon.

Livonia, deep pink.

Delicia, soft pink.

Dewey, American Beauty.

Sylvia, white shaded lavender.

Dousan, very large, orange.

Snowclad, pompon white.

Krimhild, deep pink, cream center, cactus Dahlia.

Zulu, cactus, dark nearly black.

GLADIOLI

Mountain Rose, soft pink.

Independence, rosy pink.

Pink Beauty, soft pink, ruby throat, very early.

Halley, delicate salmon pink, early.

Evelyn Kirkland, tall stately, color shell pink at the center to rosy pink at the edges with ruby blotches on lower petals.

Mrs. Francis King, large spikes of showy flowers, light scarlet.

The above six varieties, per 12.....\$.75

GLADIOLI

Mrs. Frank Pendleton, flowers large, well expanded, salmon pink, dark red blotch on lower petals.

Baron Hulot, deep Indigo blue.

Schwaben, canary yellow.

America, soft flesh pink.

Panama, deeper pink and larger than America.

Princepine, scarlet, white blotch on lower petals.

Hereda, pure mauve, a new variety with a new color for a Gladioli.

The above seven varieties, per 12..\$1.00

STRAWBERRIES

\$6.00 per 1,000; \$.75 per 100

In Strawberry growing, soil, location, and care form the tripod of success.

Soil—Any land that will grow a maximum crop of corn or potatoes will also grow strawberries, if the other factors are right.

Location—Low, swampy ground, or dry knolls should be avoided, as Jack Frost will get your berries on the one and drouth on the other.

Care—Choose a rich piece of ground that has been cultivated for several years and is clear of sods or weeds. Plant early in spring in rows 24 to 30 inches apart for hand culture, or from

3 to 3½ feet for field culture, with plants from 12 to 18 inches apart in the row; however, plant close to let the rows fill up with plants early in the season. Keep the ground well cultivated and free from weeds, and later, when the rows are well filled with plants, cut away all surplus runners.

At the approach of cold weather, place a clean mulch between the rows, and after the ground is frozen, over the rows as well. In the spring, if your mulch is thick on the plants remove a part, so that the plants may be able to grow up through, but leave that between the rows, it will keep the ground from drying out, keep out weeds and also keep your berries clean.

STRAWBERRIES

Premier, said to be the best and most productive early berry.

Dunlap, the best and most popular berry grown.

Dr. Burrill, said to be an improved Dunlap.

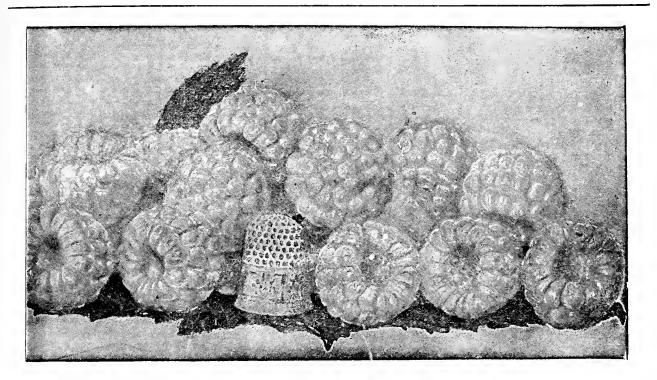
Gibson, a fine table berry, bright color, large and productive.

Glen Mary, improved by selection, very large and of the best quality.

Brandywine, very popular with people who can give it good soil and better care. About ten days later than the others.

Progressive Everbearing, a thanks-giving berry.

75c per 12; \$3.00 per 100



RASPBERRIES

Cuthbert or Queen of the Market. This standard variety is well known. Per 12—\$.50; per 100—\$3.00

St. Regis, "Everbearing" of the Cuthbert type, requires no extra manipulation to get a crop in July and again in the Fall.

Per 12—\$1.00; per 100—\$5.00

Columbian, "purple cap" a plant of large growth, hardy and productive; berries large size and of a purplish pink color, of the best quality.

BLACKBERRIES

Snyder, a dependable early blackberry, hardy and productive. \$.50 per 12, \$2.50 per 100

Lucretia Dewberries. Dewberries are larger and earlier than the blackberries and sweet when fully ripe. Dewberries are of a trailing and spreading habit, for that reason easier to protect in Winter.

\$1.00 per 12, \$5.00 per 100

GOOSEBERRIES

Houghton, a berry of medium size, red of color, and of the best quality.

GRAPES

Concord, the standard grape for a large part of the Country.

Worden, berries and bunches larger than Concord. A better grape for family use and fully a week earlier.

Moore's Early, a fine grape for home use or nearby markets, ripens two weeks earlier than Concord.

Campbell's Early berries are large bunches shouldered, weighing from one to two pounds each, sweet and good with long keeping qualities, each....\$.25

* * *

RED GRAPES

Agawam, large spicy, finest quality red grape, each\$.20

Lucille, a fine red grape, said to be productive to a fault; bunches and berries above medium size, each....\$.25

Delaware, bunches and berries small but very productive and good.......\$.25

* * *

WHITE GRAPES

Niagara, the standard white grape. Bunches and berries large.

Moore's Diamond, an early white grape, somewhat smaller than Niagara but very sweet and good, each......\$.25

Elvira, a fine show grape, bunches medium but very compact. Quality good, each\$.25

Price of Grapevines unless otherwise priced, 20c each; \$2.00 for twelve; \$15.00 per 100.

* * *

ASPARAGUS

Palmetto, the kind I grow for market 2 year old roots......\$1.50 per 100 \$10.00 per 1,000

1 year old, better than any 2 year olds I ever bought\$1.00 per 100 \$8.00 per 1,000

Fruit Tress

Apples—each \$.75

Yellow Transparent Red Astrachan Duchess of Oldenburg Sweet Bough Wealthy Snow Northern Spy Grimes Golden Wagner Delicious Transcendent Crab

Dwarf Apple, trees will bear quite young and may be planted very close. Snow Wagner Wealthy Duchess of Oldenburg \$.75 each

Pears—each \$1.00

Anjou Clapp's Favorite Bartlett Kiefer

Dwarf Pears—75c each

Duchess of Angelom Anjou Clapp's Favorite

Plums—\$1.00 each

Lombard Burbank German Prune

Cherries—\$1.00 each

Early Richmond Black Tartarian English Morrillo Montmorrency



Snow, May 9, 1923

